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#### SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR DATTAJIRAO KADAM ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE COLLEGE, ICHALKARANJI **B.Sc.** (Part-I) (Semester–II)(New) (CBCS) **Examination March/April, 2023 CHEMISTRY** (Paper - III) **DSC–3B:** Physical Chemistry Sub. Code: 72844 Day and Date: Monday, 05-06-2023 **Total Marks: 50** Time: 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m. **Instructions: 1**) All questions are compulsory. Figures to the right indicate full marks. 2) Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary. 3) Use of Scientific calculator is allowed. **4**) Q. 1 A. Select the most correct alternative from the following. [10] 1. The velocity constant K of first order is expressed in-----a) mole lit $^{-1}$ sec $^{-1}$ b) $dm^3$ mole<sup>-1</sup> sec<sup>-1</sup> c) sec<sup>-1</sup> d) all of these 2 According to -----law, temperature remaining constant, the volume of a given mass of a gas varies inversely as its pressure. a) Nernst b) Charle's b) Avogadro d) Boyle's 3 Photochemical union of H<sub>2</sub> and Cl<sub>2</sub> is an example of ----- reaction. a) pseudo-unimolecular b) zero order c) first order d) second order 4 In adiabatic process-----b) q = 0b) q = Wc) q = 1d) q #1 5. Which one of the following does not affect on the position of equilibrium. a) temperaure b) volume c) pressure d) catalyst and inert gas 6 Efficiency of heat engine is always-----a) Greater than one b) less than one b) c) equal to one d) zero 7 When work is done by the system on the surrounding, then sign convention of W is-----a) positive b) negative c) both a) and b) d) none of these

8 ----- is a sum of internal energy and product of pressure and volume of a system at constant temperature.

	a) Enthalpy	b) entropy
	c) heat capacity	d) resonance energy
9 Entropy of	f the universe tends towards	
	a) zero	b) maximum
	c) minimum	d) none of these

10 According to law of mass action, the rate of a chemical reaction is directly proportional to

a) equilibrium constant	b) nature of products
c) molar concentration of reactants	d) volume of container

[20]

[20]

### Q. 2 Attempt any TWO of the following.

- a) State in different ways first law of thermodynamics and give mathematical expression for first law of thermodynamics.
- b) Give the postulates of kinetics theory of gases.
- c) Define rate of reaction and specific reaction rate? Explain the factors affecting rate of reaction.

### Q. 3 Write short notes on any FOUR of the following.

- a) What is thermochemistry? Explain endothermic and exothermic reactions with example .
- b) Distinguish between spontaneous and non-spontaneous process
- c) What are ideal and non-ideal gases? Distinguish between them.
- d) What is mean by chemical equilibrium ? Give the characteristic of chemical equilibrium.
- e) Distinguish between order and molecularity of a reaction?

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SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR		
DATTAJIRAO KADAM ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE COLLEGE, ICHALKARANJI		
B.Sc. (Part-I) (Semester–II)(New) (CBCS)		
Ň	Examination October.	2023
	CHEMISTRY (Pan	er - III)
		<b>ci</b> - <b>iii</b> )
	DSC– 3B: Physical Ch	lemistry
	Sub. Code: 7284	14
Day and Date: Sund	ay, 05-11-2023	Total Marks: 50
Time: 10.30 a.m. to 1	12.30 p.m.	
Instructions: 1)	All questions are compulsory.	o riza
2) 3)	Draw neat labeled diagrams where	ever necessarv.
4)	Use of Scientific calculator is allow	ved.
Q. 1 A. Select the m	nost correct alternative from the fol	llowing. [10]
1. The velocity co	onstant K of first order is expressed in	n
a)	mole lit <sup>-1</sup> sec <sup>-1</sup>	b) $dm^3$ mole <sup>-1</sup> sec <sup>-1</sup>
c)	sec <sup>-1</sup>	d) all of these
2. According to	law, temperature remaining	constant, the volume of a given mas
of a gas varies in	Nernst	b) Charle's
a) b)	Avogadro	d) Boyle's
3. Photochemical	union of $H_2$ and $Cl_2$ is an example of	C reaction.
a)	pseudo-unimolecular	b) zero order
c)	first order	d) second order
4. In isochoric pro	)cess	
b) .	$\Delta \mathbf{P} = 0$	b) $\Delta H = 0$
c) .	$\Delta V = 1$	d) q #1
5. Which one of the	he following affect the position of equ	ulibrium.
a) t	temperaure	b) volume
c) ]	pressure	d) all of these
6. Efficiency of he	at engine is always	
a) (	Greater than one	b) less than one
b) (	c) equal to one	d) zero
7. When work is d	one by the system, then sign convent	ion of W is
a) I	positive	b) negative
c) ł	both a) and b)	d) none of these

8. Sink represents----- reservoir.

a) hot	b) cold
c) sink	d) all of these

9. According to Max Planck, the entropies of all perfectly crystalline substances are ------ at 0K( zero Kelvin).

a) zero	b) maximum
c) minimum	d) none of these

10. According to law of mass action, the rate of a chemical reaction is directly proportional to

a) equilibrium constant	b) nature of products
c) molar concentration of reactants	d) volume of container

### Q. 2 Attempt any TWO of the following.

- a) Give the postulates of kinetics theory of gases.
- b) State in different ways first law of thermodynamics and give mathematical expression for first law of thermodynamics.
- c) What is first order reaction? Derive the equation for rate constant of first order reaction.

### Q. 3 Write short notes on any FOUR of the following.

[20]

- a) Distinguish between order and molecularity of a reaction?
- b) What is Thermodynamics? Define any four basic concepts of thermodynamics.
- c) Distinguish between spontaneous and non-spontaneous process
- d) What are ideal and non-ideal gases? Distinguish between them.
- e) Show that in every first order reaction, the time required for 75% reaction is double the time required for 50% reaction.
- f) Distinguish between order and molecularity of a reaction?

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SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR		
DATTAJIRAO KADAM ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE COLLEGE, ICHALKARANJI		
B.Sc. (Part-I) (Semester–II)(New) (CBCS)		
× ×	Examination October,	2023
	CHEMISTRY (Pan	er - III)
	$DSC_3R \cdot Physical Ch$	omistry
	Sub Code: 729	
	Sub. Code: 728-	++
Day and Date: Sund	lay, 05-11-2023	Total Marks: 50
Time: 10.30 a.m. to	12.30 p.m.	
<b>Instructions: 1</b> )	All questions are compulsory.	
2)	Figures to the right indicate full m	narks.
3)	Draw neat labeled diagrams when	ever necessary.
4)	Use of Scientific calculator is allow	ved.
Q. 1 A. Select the r	nost correct alternative from the fo	llowing. [10]
1. The velocity c	onstant K of first order is expressed i	IN
a)	mole lit <sup>-1</sup> sec <sup>-1</sup>	b) $dm^3$ mole <sup>-1</sup> sec <sup>-1</sup>
C) 2 According to	Sec <sup>-1</sup>	d) all of these
2. According to -	inversely as its pressure	constant, the volume of a given mass
or a gas varies	Nernst	h) Charle's
a) b)	Avogadro	d) Boyle's
3. Photochemical	union of $H_2$ and $Cl_2$ is an example of	f reaction.
a)	pseudo-unimolecular	b) zero order
c	) first order	d) second order
4. In isochoric pr	ocess	
b)	$\Delta \mathbf{P} = 0$	b) $\Delta H = 0$
c)	$\Delta V = 1$	d) q #1
5. Which one of	the following affect the position of equ	uilibrium.
a)	temperaure	b) volume
c)	pressure	d) all of these
6. Efficiency of h	eat engine is always	
a)	Greater than one	b) less than one
b)	c) equal to one	d) zero
7. When work is	done by the system, then sign convent	tion of W is
a)	positive	b) negative
c)	both a) and b)	d) none of these

8. Sink represents----- reservoir.

a) hot	b) cold
c) sink	d) all of these

9. According to Max Planck, the entropies of all perfectly crystalline substances are ------ at 0K( zero Kelvin).

a) zero	b) maximum
c) minimum	d) none of these

10. According to law of mass action, the rate of a chemical reaction is directly proportional to

a) equilibrium constant	b) nature of products
c) molar concentration of reactants	d) volume of container

[20]

[20]

### Q. 2 Attempt any TWO of the following.

- a) Give the postulates of kinetics theory of gases.
- b) State in different ways first law of thermodynamics and give mathematical expression for first law of thermodynamics.
- c) What is first order reaction? Derive the equation for rate constant of first order reaction.

### Q. 3 Write short notes on any FOUR of the following.

- a) Distinguish between order and molecularity of a reaction?
- b) What is Thermodynamics? Define any four basic concepts of thermodynamics.
- c) Distinguish between spontaneous and non-spontaneous process
- d) What are ideal and non-ideal gases? Distinguish between them.
- e) Show that in every first order reaction, the time required for 75% reaction is double the time required for 50% reaction.

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SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR			
DATTAJIRAO KADAM ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE COLLEGE, ICHALKARANJI			
<b>B.Sc. (Part-I) (Semester–II)(New) (CBCS)</b>			
× ×	Examination October. 2023		
	<b>CHEMISTRY</b> (Pape	er - III)	
	DSC–3B: Physical Ch	emistry	
	Sub. Code: 7284	4	
Dav and Date: Tues	day, 07-11-2023	Т	otal Marks: 50
Time: 10.30 a.m. to	12.30 p.m.		
Instructions: 1)	All questions are compulsory		
2)	Figures to the right indicate full m	arks.	
3)	Draw neat labeled diagrams wher	ever necessary.	
4)	Use of Scientific calculator is allow	ved.	
Q. 1 A. Select the r	nost correct alternative from the fo	lowing.	[10]
1. The velocity c	onstant K of first order is expressed i	n	
a)	mole lit <sup>-1</sup> sec <sup>-1</sup>	b) $dm^3$ mole <sup>-1</sup> sec <sup>-1</sup>	-1
c)	sec <sup>-1</sup>	d) all of these	с ·
2. According to	inversely as its pressure	constant, the volum	he of a given mass
of a gas varies	Nernst	h) Charle's	
a) b)	Avogadro	d) Boyle's	
3 Photochemical	union of $H_2$ and $Cl_2$ is an example of	reaction	on.
a)	pseudo-unimolecular	b) zero order	
c)	first order	d) second order	
4. In isochoric pr	ocess	,	
b)	$\Delta \mathbf{P} = 0$	b) $\Delta H = 0$	
c)	$\Delta V = 1$	d) q #1	
5. Which one of t	he following affect the position of equ	ilibrium.	
a)	temperaure	b) volume	
c)	pressure	d) all of these	
6. Efficiency of h	eat engine is always		
a)	Greater than one	b) less than one	
b)	c) equal to one	d) zero	
7. When work is	done by the system, then sign convent	ion of W is	
a)	positive	b) negative	
c)	both a) and b)	d) none of these	

8. Sink represents ----- reservoir.

a) hot	b) cold
c) sink	d) all of these

9. According to Max Planck, the entropies of all perfectly crystalline substances are ------ at 0K( zero Kelvin).

a) zero	b) maximum
c) minimum	d) none of these

10. According to law of mass action, the rate of a chemical reaction is directly proportional to

a) equilibrium constant	b) nature of products
c) molar concentration of reactants	d) volume of container

### Q. 2 Attempt any TWO of the following.

- a) Give the postulates of kinetics theory of gases.
- b) State in different ways first law of thermodynamics and give mathematical expression for first law of thermodynamics.
- c) What is first order reaction? Derive the equation for rate constant of first order reaction.

### Q. 3 Write short notes on any FOUR of the following.

[20]

- a) Distinguish between order and molecularity of a reaction?
- b) What is Thermodynamics? Define any four basic concepts of thermodynamics.
- c) Distinguish between spontaneous and non-spontaneous process
- d) What are ideal and non-ideal gases? Distinguish between them.
- e) Show that in every first order reaction, the time required for 75% reaction is double the time required for 50% reaction.
- f) Distinguish between order and molecularity of a reaction?

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## SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR

DATTAJIRAO KADAM ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE COLLEGE, ICHALKARANJI

**B.Sc.** (Part – I) (Semester – II) (CBCS)

**Examination February, 2023** 

## **CHEMISTRY** (Paper - III)

DSC – 3B: Physical Chemistry

# Sub. Code: 72844

Day and Date: Thursday, 20-02-2023

**Total Marks: 50** 

Time: 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Instructions: 1) All questions are compulsory.

2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.

3) Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.

4) Use of Scientific calculator is allowed.

Q.1) A. Select the most correct alternative	e from the following. [10]
1. The process that does not occurs of its	own accord is calledprocess.
a) Non spontaneous	b) Spontaneous
c) Isothermal	d) adiabatic
2. All reversible heat engine operating be	tween the same temperature
haveefficiency	
a) different	b) same
c) zero	d) none of these
3. The standard state of a substance is the	most stable state of the substance at
a spe	cified temp.
a) 1 atm, 298 K	b) 0.1 atm, 0 K
c) 0.5 atm, 273 K	d) 10 atm, 1 K
4. The equations representing the variat	ion of heat change of reaction with temperature
are known asequation.	
a) Exothermic	b) Graphic
c) Kirchhoff's	d) Boltzmann
5. The relation between free energy	and equilibrium constant, k of a reaction is
a) $\Delta G = RT \ln k$	b) $\Delta G^0 = - RT \ln k$
c) $\Delta G^0 = RT \ln k$	d) $\Delta G = - RT \ln k$
6. Which one of the following does not a	affect the position of equilibrium?
a) Temperature	b) Pressure
c) Catalyst & inert gas	d) Volume

7. The quantity of a given substance which undergoes change in unit time is known as

	a) rate of the reaction	b) velocity of the reaction
	c) both a & b	d) none of these
8. $(P + a/v^2)$ (	(v-b) = RT is known as	equation.
	a) ideal gas	b) Vander waals
	c) Kinetic gas	d) gas
9. Velocity co	nstant 'k' of second order	reaction is expressed in
	a) mol lit <sup>-1</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>	b) $dm^3$ mole <sup>-1</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>
	c) lit <sup>-1</sup> mole <sup>-1</sup> s <sup>-1</sup>	d) All of these
10. The reaction	on between $K_2S_2O_8$ and $K_2$	I is an example ofreaction.
	a) termolecular	b) unimolecular
	c) Pseudo	d) bimolecular

### Q.2) Attempt any TWO of the following.

a) Derive the equation for rate constant of a first order reaction. Mention the units of rate constant of a first order reaction.

- b) State and derive mathematical expression for first law of thermodynamics. Give statements of second law of thermodynamics in different ways.
- c) Give the postulates of Kinetic theory of gases.

### **Q.3**) Attempt any FOUR of the following.

- a) Explain law of chemical equilibrium (Law of mass action).
- b) What are pseudo-unimolecular reactions? Explain with suitable examples.
- c) Distinguish between spontaneous and non-spontaneous reaction.
- d) Explain in brief exothermic and endothermic reaction with suitable examples.
- e) What are causes of deviation from gas laws?
- f) Show that half life time or time taken to complete any fraction of a second order reaction (a=b) is inversely proportional to the initial concentrations of reaction.

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# SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR

## DATTAJIRAO KADAM ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE COLLEGE, ICHALKARANJI

## B.Sc. (Part – I) (Semester – I) (New) (CBCS) (NEP)

# Examination March/April, 2023

## **CHEMISTRY** (Paper - III)

# DSC- 3B: Physical Chemistry Sub. Code: 90225

Day and Date: Monday, 05-06-2023

Time: 10.30 p.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Instructions: 1)All questions are compulsory.2)Figures to the right indicate full marks.3)Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.4)Use of Scientific calculator is allowed.

## Q. 1 A. Select the most correct alternative from the following.

1 The sector iter constant IZ of second order is second at	
1. The velocity constant K of second order is expressed in $1 + 1 + 1 = 1$	
a) mole lit 'sec'	b) dm <sup>3</sup> mole <sup>4</sup> sec <sup>4</sup>
c) $\sec^{-1}$	d) all of these
2. In adiabatic process	
a) $q = 0$	b) $q = W$
c) q = 1	d) q #1
3. Which one of the following does not affect on the	position of equilibrium.
a) temperaure	b) volume
c) pressure	d) catalyst and inert gas
4. Efficiency of heat engine is always	
a) Greater than one	b) less than one
c) equal to one	d) zero
B. Answer in one sentence only.	[04]
a) Give statement of third law of thermodynamics.	
b) Define Boyle's law.	
c) What do you mean by energy of activation?	
d) Give statement of law of mass action?	

## Q. 2 Attempt any TWO of the following.

a) Give the postulates of kinetics theory of gases.

b) State in different ways first law of thermodynamics and give mathematical

**Total Marks: 40** 

[04]

expression for first law of thermodynamics.

c) What is first order reaction? Derive the equation for velocity constant of first order reaction .

## **Q. 3** Write short notes on any FOUR of the following.

- a) Factors affecting rate of reaction.
- b) What is thermochemistry? Define endothermic and exothermic reactions.
- c) Distinguish between spontaneous and non-spontaneous process
- d) Explain causes of deviation from gas laws.
- e) What is mean by chemical equilibrium ? Give the characteristic of chemical equilibrium.
- f) Distinguish between order and molecularity of a reaction?

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# SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR

# DATTAJIRAO KADAM ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE COLLEGE, ICHALKARANJI

# B.Sc. (Part- I) (Semester–II)(New) (CBCS) (NEP) Examination March/April, 2023 CHEMISTRY (Paper - III) DSC– 3B: Physical Chemistry Sub. Code: 90225

Day and Date: Monday, 05-06-2023

Time: 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

Instructions: 1)All questions are compulsory.2)Figures to the right indicate full marks.3)Draw neat labeled diagrams wherever necessary.4)Use of Scientific calculator is allowed.

## Q. 1 A. Select the most correct alternative from the following.

<ol> <li>The velocity constant K of second order is exp</li> <li>a) mole lit <sup>-1</sup> sec<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>c) sec<sup>-1</sup></li> </ol>	b) dm <sup>3</sup> mole <sup>-1</sup> sec <sup>-1</sup> d) all of these	
2. In adiabatic process	• • • • •	
a) $q = 0$	b) $\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{W}$	
c) q = 1	d) q #1	
3. Which one of the following does not affect on the position of equilibrium.		
a) temperaure	b) volume	
c) pressure	d) catalyst and inert gas	
4. Efficiency of heat engine is always		
a) Greater than one	b) less than one	
c) equal to one	d) zero	
B. Answer in one sentence only.[04]a) Give statement of third law of thermodynamics.b) Define Boyle's law.b) Define Boyle's law.c) What do you mean by energy of activation?d) Give statement of law of mass action?		

## Q. 2 Attempt any TWO of the following.

a) Give the postulates of kinetics theory of gases.

b) State in different ways first law of thermodynamics and give mathematical

**Total Marks: 40** 

[04]

expression for first law of thermodynamics.

c) What is first order reaction? Derive the equation for velocity constant of first order reaction .

## **Q. 3** Write short notes on any FOUR of the following.

- a) Factors affecting rate of reaction.
- b) What is thermochemistry? Define endothermic and exothermic reactions.
- c) Distinguish between spontaneous and non-spontaneous process
- d) Explain causes of deviation from gas laws.
- e) What is mean by chemical equilibrium ? Give the characteristic of chemical equilibrium.
- f) Distinguish between order and molecularity of a reaction?

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Total No. of Pages: 2

## SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY KOLHAPUR

## DATTAJIRAO KADAM ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE COLLEGE, ICHALKARANJI

B. Sc. (Part – I) Sem – II Examination March/April 2022					
Title of	f Subject :- Chemistry	Paper No. II			
Title of	f Paper :- Physical Chemistry	Subject Code :- 72844			
Day &	Date :-	Total Marks:- 50			
Time :	-				
Instructions					
Instruct	ions:				
1) All qu	uestions are compulsory.				
2) Figur	es to the right indicate full marks.				
3) Draw	neat diagrams and give equations wherev	ver necessary.			
Q.1: Choose the correct alternative for each of the following and rewrite the sentence: [10]					
a)	In adiabatic process,				
	i) $q = W$ iii) $q = 0$	ii) $q \neq 1$			
b)	When work is done by the system on the surrou	W = 1			
0)	i) positive	ii) negative			
	iii) both i) and ii)	iv) none of these			
c)	The equation representing the variation of l is known asequation.	neat change of reaction (enthalpy) with temperature			
	i) Exothermic	ii) Graphic			
	iii) Kirchoff's	iv) Boltzmann			
d)	d) The relation between free energy and equilibrium constant, k of a reaction is				
	i) $\Delta G = RT \ln k$ iii) $\Delta G^0 = RT \ln k$	ii) $\Delta G^{\circ} = -RT \ln k$ iv) $\Delta G = -RT \ln k$			
	$m_{j} \Delta O = RT m R$	10/20 - KI IIK			
e)	Which one of the following does not affect i) Temperature	on the position of equilibrium.			
	iii) Catalyst & inert gas	iv) Volume			

f)	Which of the following equation is not correct ? i) $\Delta H = \Delta E + P\Delta V$ iii) $\Delta H = H_1 - H_2$	ii) $H = E + PV$ iv) $\Delta H = \Delta E - P\Delta V$
g)	What are the conditions for gas like carbon monox i) Low temperature and low pressure iii) High temperature and low pressure	ide to obey the ideal gas laws ? ii) Low temperature and high pressure iv) High temperature and high pressure
h)	According to Charles's law, at constant pressure, the ter increases, its i) volume increases iii) volume decreases	<ul><li>mperature of a gas</li><li>ii) mass increases</li><li>iv) particles move more slowly.</li></ul>
i)	The unit of first order rate constant is i) dm <sup>3</sup> mole <sup>-1</sup> sec <sup>-1</sup> iii) sec <sup>-1</sup>	ii) dm <sup>-3</sup> mole <sup>-1</sup> sec <sup>-1</sup> iv) sec <sup>+1</sup>
j)	The velocity of the reaction when the conc. of all t i) Velocity constant iii) Specific reaction rate	he reactants are unity is known as ii) Velocity coefficient iv) All of these
Q.2: So	lve Any Two of the following:	[20]
a)	Give the postulates of kinetics theory of gases.	
b)	State in different ways and give mathematical expre	ession for first law of
	thermodynamics. Also give statement of second law	v of thermodynamics in different
	ways	

c) What is energy of activation? Explain activated complex theory of reaction rate.

## **Q.3: Solve Any Four of the following:**

- a) What is thermodynamics? Explain the terms, energy and work.
- b) Distinguish between spontaneous and non-spontaneous process
- c) What is mean by chemical equilibrium ? Give the characteristic of chemical equilibrium.
- d) Distinguish between order and molecularity of a reaction.
- e) Explain rate of reaction and specific reaction rate.

Seat No.

Total No. of Pages: 2

## SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY KOLHAPUR

## DATTAJIRAO KADAM ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE COLLEGE, ICHALKARANJI

B. Sc. (Part – I) Sem – II Examination March/April 2022					
Title of	f Subject :- Chemistry	Paper No. II			
Title of	f Paper :- Physical Chemistry	Subject Code :- 72844			
Day &	Date :-	Total Marks:- 50			
Time :	-				
Instructions					
Instruct	ions:				
1) All qu	uestions are compulsory.				
2) Figur	es to the right indicate full marks.				
3) Draw	neat diagrams and give equations wherev	ver necessary.			
Q.1: Choose the correct alternative for each of the following and rewrite the sentence: [10]					
a)	In adiabatic process,				
	i) $q = W$ iii) $q = 0$	ii) $q \neq 1$			
b)	When work is done by the system on the surrou	W = 1			
0)	i) positive	ii) negative			
	iii) both i) and ii)	iv) none of these			
c)	The equation representing the variation of l is known asequation.	neat change of reaction (enthalpy) with temperature			
	i) Exothermic	ii) Graphic			
	iii) Kirchoff's	iv) Boltzmann			
d)	d) The relation between free energy and equilibrium constant, k of a reaction is				
	i) $\Delta G = RT \ln k$ iii) $\Delta G^0 = RT \ln k$	ii) $\Delta G^{\circ} = -RT \ln k$ iv) $\Delta G = -RT \ln k$			
	$m_{j} \Delta O = RT m R$	10/20 - KI IIK			
e)	Which one of the following does not affect i) Temperature	on the position of equilibrium.			
	iii) Catalyst & inert gas	iv) Volume			

f)	Which of the following equation is not correct ? i) $\Delta H = \Delta E + P\Delta V$ iii) $\Delta H = H_1 - H_2$	ii) $H = E + PV$ iv) $\Delta H = \Delta E - P\Delta V$
g)	What are the conditions for gas like carbon monox i) Low temperature and low pressure iii) High temperature and low pressure	ide to obey the ideal gas laws ? ii) Low temperature and high pressure iv) High temperature and high pressure
h)	According to Charles's law, at constant pressure, the ter increases, its i) volume increases iii) volume decreases	<ul><li>mperature of a gas</li><li>ii) mass increases</li><li>iv) particles move more slowly.</li></ul>
i)	The unit of first order rate constant is i) dm <sup>3</sup> mole <sup>-1</sup> sec <sup>-1</sup> iii) sec <sup>-1</sup>	ii) dm <sup>-3</sup> mole <sup>-1</sup> sec <sup>-1</sup> iv) sec <sup>+1</sup>
j)	The velocity of the reaction when the conc. of all t i) Velocity constant iii) Specific reaction rate	he reactants are unity is known as ii) Velocity coefficient iv) All of these
Q.2: So	lve Any Two of the following:	[20]
a)	Give the postulates of kinetics theory of gases.	
b)	State in different ways and give mathematical expre	ession for first law of
	thermodynamics. Also give statement of second law	v of thermodynamics in different
	ways	

c) What is energy of activation? Explain activated complex theory of reaction rate.

## **Q.3: Solve Any Four of the following:**

- a) What is thermodynamics? Explain the terms, energy and work.
- b) Distinguish between spontaneous and non-spontaneous process
- c) What is mean by chemical equilibrium ? Give the characteristic of chemical equilibrium.
- d) Distinguish between order and molecularity of a reaction.
- e) Explain rate of reaction and specific reaction rate.