

Seat No.	
----------	--

Total No. of Pages: 2

## SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR

DATTAJIRAO KADAM ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE COLLEGE, ICHALKARANJI

**B.Sc. (Part – II) (Semester – IV) (New) (CBCS)**

**Examination October, 2023**

**CHEMISTRY (Paper - VII)**

**DSC– D3: Inorganic Chemistry**

**Sub. Code: 78909**

Day and Date: Wednesday, 08-11-2023

Total Marks: 50

Time: 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

- Instructions:
- 1) All questions are compulsory.
  - 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
  - 3) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
  - 4) Use of Scientific calculator and logarithmic table is allowed.

---

**Q 1 A) Answer the following in one sentence. [05]**

- a) Define polydentate ligand.
- b) Name the group reagent for group I.
- c) What will be the resultant solution, if solubility product < ionic product.
- d) If the central metal ion has  $sp^3 d^2$  type hybridization then what will be the geometry of this metal complex?
- e) Give the IUPAC name of  $[Co(NH_3)_6]Cl_3$  complex.

**B) Choose the most correct alternative for each of the following and rewrite the sentences. [05]**

- a) Name the group reagents for group II -----.  
i) HCl and H<sub>2</sub>S    ii) NH<sub>4</sub>OH    iii) NH<sub>4</sub>Cl    iv) Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>
- b) Highest oxidation state of Mn is -----.  
i)+5                      ii) +6                      iii) +7                      iv)+ 4
- c) d-block elements are also called as -----.  
i) inner transition    ii) noble gas    iii) alkali metals    iv) transition elements

d) The atomic number of Nitrogen is -----.

- i) 5                      ii) 7                      iii) 8                      iv) 13

e) Co-ordinate bond is indicated by -----.

- i) small arrow      ii) hyphen              iii) small dash      iv) dotted line

**Q 2) Attempt any TWO of the following.**

**[20]**

- What are boranes? How will you prepare diboranes? Discuss structure of diborane in detail.
- What is meant by chelation? Explain the application of chelation with reference to EDTA and DMG.
- What are general characteristics of transition metals? Give the names, symbols and electronic structure of '3d' block elements (first transition series).
- On the basis of VBT, explain the formation of  $[\text{FeF}_6]^{3-}$  and  $[\text{Fe}(\text{CN})_6]^{3-}$  complexes.

**Q.3) Answer any four of the following.**

**[20]**

- Distinguish between primary valency and secondary valency.
  - Define co-ordinate bond and explain formation of co-ordinate bond with suitable example.
  - Write short note on spot test analysis.
  - Explain oxidation state of '3d' block elements.
  - What are allotropes? Explain structure of diamond.
  - Write short note on common ion effect.
-

Seat No.	
----------	--

Total No. of Pages: 2

## SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR

DATTAJIRAO KADAM ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE COLLEGE, ICHALKARANJI

B.Sc. (Part – II) (Semester – IV) (New) (CBCS)

Examination March/April, 2023

CHEMISTRY (Paper - VII)

DSC– D3: Inorganic Chemistry Sub.

Code: 78909

Day and Date: Wednesday, 14 -06-2023

Total Marks: 50

Time: 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.

- Instructions:
- 1) All questions are compulsory.
  - 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
  - 3) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
  - 4) Use of Scientific calculator and logarithmic table is allowed.

**Q 1 A) Answer the following in one sentence.**

**[05]**

- a) Define Polydentate ligand ?
- b) Name the group reagents for group I.
- c) What will be the resultant solution, if solubility product < ionic product.
- d) If the metal has  $sp^3 d^2$  type hybridization then which type geometry of this metal complex
- e) Give the IUPAC name of  $[Co(NH_3)]Cl_3$

**B) Choose the most correct alternative for each of the following and rewrite the sentences.**

**[05]**

- a) Name the group reagents for group II -----  
a) HCl & H<sub>2</sub>S    b) KBr    c) NH<sub>4</sub>Cl    d) Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>
- b) Highest oxidation state of Mn is -----  
a) +8    b) +6    c) +7    d) +9
- c) d-block elements is called as -----  
a) alkali metal    b) noble gas    c) halogens    d) transition elements
- d) The atomic number of Nitrogen is -----  
a) 5    b) 7    c) 8    d) 13

- e) Co-ordinate bond is indicated by -----  
b) small arrow    b) hyphen    c) small dash    d) dotted line

**Q 2) Attempt any TWO of the following.**

**[20]**

- What are boranes? How will you prepare diboranes ? Discuss it's structure in detail.
- What is Chelation? Explain the application of chelation with reference to EDTA and DMG.
- What are general characteristics of transition metal and Give the electronic structure of 3d block elements (First transition series).
- On the basis of VBT, explain the formation of  $[\text{FeF}_6]^{3-}$  and  $[\text{FeF}_6]^{3-}$ .

**Q.3) Answer any four of the following.**

**[20]**

- Distinguish between primary valency and secondary valency.
- Define and explain co-ordinate bond with suitable example.
- Explain oxidation state of 3d block elements.
- Discuss the spot test analysis.
- Write a note on common ion effect.
- What are allotropes? Explain structure of diamond.

Seat No.	
----------	--

Total No. of Pages: 2

## SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR

DATTAJIRAO KADAM ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE COLLEGE, ICHALKARANJI

**B.Sc. (Part – II) (Semester – IV) (New) (CBCS)**

**Examination March/April, 2023**

**CHEMISTRY (Paper - VII)**

**DSC– D3: Inorganic Chemistry**

**Sub. Code: 78909**

**Day and Date: Wednesday, 14 -06-2023**

**Total Marks: 50**

**Time: 10.30 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.**

- Instructions:**
- 1) All questions are compulsory.
  - 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
  - 3) Draw neat diagrams and give equations wherever necessary.
  - 4) Use of Scientific calculator and logarithmic table is allowed.
- 

**Q 1 A) Answer the following in one sentence.**

**[05]**

- a) What are the ligands?
- b) Give the IUPAC nomenclature of  $[\text{FeF}_6]^{3-}$
- c) Name the group reagents for group II.
- d) When co-ordination number (C.N.) of metal is 6, what is the geometry of a complex?
- e) What happens if solubility product < Ionic product ?

**B) Choose the most correct alternative for each of the following and rewrite the sentences.** **[05]**

a) Degree of dissociation of weak electrolyte  $\text{NH}_4\text{OH}$  is suppressed by adding strong electrolyte-----.

- |                             |                              |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| i) $\text{KCl}$             | ii) $\text{KBr}$             |
| iii) $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$ | iv) $\text{Na}_2\text{CO}_3$ |

b) Highest oxidation state of Mn is -----.

- |         |        |
|---------|--------|
| i) +8   | ii) +7 |
| iii) +6 | iv) +9 |

c) General electronic configuration of group 14 or (IVA) is -----.

- |                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| i) $ns^2np^6$   | ii) $ns^2np^1$ |
| iii) $ns^2np^2$ | iv) $ns^2np^3$ |

d) The transition elements belong to groups -----.

- i) 1 to 10
- ii) 1 to 12
- iii) 3 to 12
- iv) 1 to 13

e) In borazine boron and nitrogen undergoes ----- hybridization.

- i)  $sp^3$
- ii)  $sp^2$
- iv)  $sp$
- iv)  $sp^3d^2$

**Q 2) Attempt any TWO of the following.**

**[20]**

- a) On the basis of VBT, explain the formation of outer orbital complex  $[CoF_6]^{-3}$  and inner orbital complex  $[Co(CN)_6]^{-3}$ .
- b) What is chelation ? Explain the applications of chelation with reference to EDTA and DMG
- c) What are boranes? How will you prepare diborane? Discuss structure of diborane in detail.
- d) What are transition elements? Explain characteristics of 3d-block elements with reference to i) oxidation state and ii) coloured ions.

**Q.3) Answer any four of the following.**

**[20]**

- a) Write short note on Spot test analysis.
- b) Explain geometrical (cis-trans) isomerism when C.N.= 4.
- c) Mention different allotropes of carbon. Explain properties and structure of diamond.
- d) Give the points of distinction between metal chelate and metal complex.
- e) Define and explain solubility product and common ion effect.
- f) Give the points of distinction between primary valency and secondary valency