## SHIVAJI UNIVERSITY, KOLHAPUR Revised Syllabus for Bachelor of Science B. Sc. III – Zoology –To be implemented from June 2015 GENERAL OBJECTIVES OF THE COURSE

#### 1) Aims:

- 1) To impart the knowledge of animal science to the pupils.
- 2) To make the pupils to use the knowledge in their daily life.
- 3) To make the pupils aware of natural resources and environment.
- 4) Application of knowledge in Zoology for nutrition, agriculture & live stock.
- 5) To provide practical experiences which form a part of their learning processes.
- 6) To develop aptitude for scientific work & ability to pursue studies far beyond graduation.
- 7) To encourage the pupils to take life science as a carrier which is the need now a days.
- 8) To make the pupils fit for the society.

#### 2) Objectives -

- 1) To impart knowledge is the basic aim of education. The students are expected to acquire the knowledge of animal science, natural phenomenon, manipulation of nature & environment by man.
- 2) Understanding the scientific terms, concepts, facts, phenomenon & their interrelationships.
- 3) Applications of the knowledge.
- 4) To develop skills in practical work, experiments & laboratory materials, instruments.
- 5) To develop interests in the subject & scientific hobbies.
- 6) To develop scientific attitude which is the major objective? This makes the students open minded, critical observations, curiosity, thinking etc.
- 7) Abilities to apply scientific methods, collection of scientific data, problem solving, organize science exhibitions, clubs etc.
- 8) Appreciation of the subject, contributions of scientists, scientific methods, scientific programs etc.

#### 3) DURATION

- The course shall be full time course.
- The duration of course shall be three years.

#### 4) PATTERN

Pattern of Examination will be semester for theory and annual for practical With INTERNAL ASSESSMENT (Project/Seminar/Field work for theory) Scheme

#### 5) MEDIUM OF INSTRUCTION:

The medium of instruction shall be in English.

#### 6) STRUCTURE OF COURSE

B.Sc. III - Zoology

THEORY – No. of papers : Eight, No of practicals : Four SEMESTER V-Paper IX to XII & SEMESTER VI- Paper XIII to XVI

#### **SEMESTER-V** Theory

Sr.	Subject		Marks	University	
No.	-				Internal
1	Zoology	Paper- IX	50	40	10
2	Zoology	Paper- X	50	40	10
3	Zoology	Paper- XI	50	40	10
4	Zoology	Paper- XII	50	40	10

Total=200

SEMESTER-VI Theory					
Sr.	Subject		Marks	University	
No.					Internal
5	Zoology	Paper- XIII	50	40	10
6	Zoology	Paper- XIV	50	40	10
7	Zoology	Paper- XV	50	40	10
8	Zoology	Paper- XVI	50	40	10

**Total = 200** 

### **PRACTICALS-** Annual

09	Practical—V	50
10	Practical – VI	50
11	Practical – VII	50
12	Practical – VIII	50
	Total	200

Total = 600

### 7. SCHEME OF TEACHING AND EXAMINATION

Teaching scheme (Hrs/Week)

Sr. No	Sem V	Sem VI	L	Р	Total
1	Paper No IX	Paper No. XIII	3		
2	Paper No X	Paper No XIX	3		
3	Paper No XI	Paper No XV	3		
4	Paper No XII	Paper No XVI	3		
	Total		12		12
	Practical V_P			5	
	Practical VI-P			5	
	Practical VII-P			5	
	Practical VIII- P			5	
	Total			20	20
	Total				32

#### 8) SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

Question paper will be set in the view of the / in accordance with the entire syllabus and preferably covering each unit of syllabi.

#### 9) EQUIVALENCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH TITLES AND CONTENTS OF PAPERS (FOR REVISED SYLLABUS)

Refer copy of revised syllabus

#### **10) OTHER FEATURES**

1. Required Books, Journals stated in each syllabus of Part I, Part II and Part III Zoology and Fisheries.

#### A) LIBRARY :

- Reference and Text Books, Journals, and Periodicals, Reference Books for Advanced Studies.
- **B) SPECIFIC EQUIPMENTS**: Necessary to run the Course (T.V., L.C.D., and Overhead Projector), (Computer and necessary software's, operating systems etc.)

#### **C) LABORATORY SAFETY EQUIPMENTS**

- Fire Extinguishers at least two sets in each laboratory. (Lab. area 600 sq.ft.)
- Leakage of gases be avoided.
- Primary medical aid box (First Aid Kit)
- Sugar / Glucose 500 gm pack: Pinch of sugar and a cup of drinking water in hypoglycemic condition. OR In extreme weakness of student or person concerned.
- Rules of animal ethics should be strictly followed.

#### **D). LABORATORY INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1) Always wear an apron inside the laboratory. Do not wear it outside.
- 2) Do not drink or eat inside the laboratory.
- 3) Do not place pencil, fingers or any material in the mouth. Moisten labels with water.
- 4) Use microscopes and other instruments carefully.
- 5) Discard all used glassware such as test tube, pipettes, petry-plates, glass slides in a receptacle meant for it.
- 6) Put cotton plugs, papers, matches, waste dissection material etc. in a waste-paper basket. Do not throw them in sink not leave them on desk or floor.
- 7) Regard all cultures as pathogenic. Take every precaution against infection.
- 8) Report all accidents to the instructor immediately.
- 9) Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water before and after dissection and experiment.
- 10) Always turn off water, gas and electricity before leaving the laboratory.
- 11) When students enter in lab. they should have A Laboratory Journal, pencil and eraser, foot rule, dissection box with dissecting instruments, a small napkin.
- 12) All drawings must be made with drawing pencil only.
- 13) As the journal is to represent student's bonafide work during the whole year, student should keep it as clean as possible and

#### 11) DO NOT LOOSE IT.

- 14) Students should not forget that unless their journals are certified, they are not allowed to appear for the university examination
- 12) COMMON NATURE OF QUESTION FOR THEORY PAPER MENTIONED SPERATELY:

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Revised Syllabus for B.Sc. Ill Zoology To be implemented from June 2015 SEMESTER-V PAPER - IX

c. Morphology and body wall.

d. Food, feeding and digestive system.

# FUNCTIONAL ANATOMY OF NON-CHORDATES. Unit – I

I.	Protozoa :	(4)
	a). Nutrition in Protozoa.	
	b). Reproduction in Protozoa.	
II.	Porifera :	(2)
	1. Canal Systems.	
Ш	. Coelenterata :	(4)
	a). Polymorphism in Obelia and Porpita.	
	b). Corals and Coral reef	
IV	. Salient features of Ctenophora with suitable example	(1)
V.	Insect metamorphosis and its hormonal control	(1)
VI	. Stridulation in Cicada and Cricket	(2)
VI	I. Mollusca :	( <b>-</b> )
	Torsion and Detorsion in Gastropoda	(2)
Un	nit – II	
VI	I. Annelida:	
	Type Study - Leech: -	(15)
	a). Systematic position.	
	b). Habits and habitat.	
	c). Morphology and body wall.	
	d). Locomotion.	
	e). Food, feeding and digestive system.	
	f). Haemo-coelomic system.	
	g). Excretory system.	
	h). Nervous system.	
	i). Sense organs.	
	j). Reproductive system, copulation and cocoon formation.	
	k). Parasitic adaptations.	
••	I). Economic importance of Leech.	
Un	nit – 111	
VI	II. Echinodermata:	
	Type study –Sea star	(10)
	a. Systematic position.	
	b. Habits and habitat.	

- e. Water vascular system and locomotion.
- f. Reproductive system.

**REFERENCE BOOKS:** 

- g. Nervous system and sense organs.
- h. Haemal and perihaemal system.

IX.	Structure and phylogenetic importance of Bipinnaria and Tornaria larva.	(1)
X.	Minor phyla: Salient features of -	(3)

- X. Minor phyla: Salient features of
  - a). Bugula b). Sagitta. c). Lingula.

#### Total periods. -(45)

- 1. Invertebrate Zoology (W.B. Saunders Co.) Barnes R.D.
- 2. Modern Text Book of Zoology, Invertebrates R.L.Kotpal.
- 3. Invertebrate Zoology- E. L. Jordon, S. Chand and Co. New Delhi.
- 4. Life of Invertebrates S.N. Prasad, Vikas publishing House, New Delhi.
- 5. Invertebrate Zoology- P.S. Dhami and J.K. Dhami, R. Chand & Co. New Delhi.
- 6. A Text Book of Zoology Invertebrates, Parker and Haswell, edited by Marshall

and Williams, CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi.

7. A Life of Invertebrates- Russell & Hunter.

8. Practical Zoology, Invertebrates- S.S. Lal.

### **PAPER-X**

#### **BIOSTATISTICS, BIOINFORMATICS AND MEDICAL ZOOLOGY.** Unit – I

#### I. Biostatistics :-

<ol> <li>Classification –</li> <li>a) Defination</li> <li>b) Collection of data</li> </ol>	(2)
c) Basis of classification	
d) Types of classification.	
2) Frequency distribution -	(3)
a) Principles of frequency distribution.	
b) Graphical representation.	
i) Histogram- equal and unequal classes.	
ii) Polygon and frequency curve.	
iii) Ogive curve.	
3) Tabulation –	(3)
a) Definition.	
b) Requirements of a good table.	
c) Parts of the table.	
d) Types of tabulation.	
4) Measures of central Tendency – mean, median, mode.	(4)

5) <b>Dispersion</b> – Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation.	(2)
Unit-II	
6) Correlation-	(8)
a) Scatter diagram.	
b) Types of correlation.	
c) Correlation coefficient and examples based on.	
i) Karl Pearson's correlation coefficient.	
ii) Spearman's Rank correlation coefficient.	
II) Bioinformatics :-	
a) Study of computer and computer devices.	(2)
b) Three levels of Bioinformatics in structural Biology.	(2)
c) Applications of Bioinformatics in life sciences.	(1)
Unit – III	
III) Medical Zoology: –	
1) Pathogenicity and Prophylaxis of the following microbes	(8)
a) Viruses – Herpes, Rabies and Ebola.	
b) Spirochaetes.	
c) Bacteria – Salmonella typhii, Mycobacterium tuberculosis	
2) Pathogenic protozoans and their control.	(2)
Entamoeba histolytica and Plasmodium vivax.	
3) Pathogenic helminthes and their control	(2)
Ascaris and Wuchereria	
4) Mosquitoes as vector of the following human diseases and their control-	(3)
Malaria, Dengue and Chikungunya	
5) Study of following antibiotics with reference to origin, chemical nature	
and action	(3)
Ampicillin and Norphloxin.	

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1.Infotechnology- S. Chand and Co.
- 2. Bioinformatics- Murti, Himalaya Publications.
- 3. General Parasitology- Cheng, T.C. Academic Press.
- 4. Medical Parasitology- Dey and Dey, Allied Agency, Kolkata.
- 5. Parasitology- K. D. Chaterjee, Chaterjee Medical Publication, Kolkata.
- 6. Parasitotogy-Chandler, Allied Agency, Kolkata.
- 7. Essentials of Parasitology Gerald D. Smidth.
- 8. Economic Zoology- Shukla and Upadhyay.
- 9. Medical Zoology R. C. Sobti, Shoban Lal & Co.
- 10. An Introduction to bioinformatics- S. Sundar rajan & R. Balaji- Himalaya
- Publishing house, Delhi.
- 11. Z S I publications.

**Total Periods - (45)** 

# PAPER -XI

<b>MOLECULAR BIOLOGY, BIOTECHNOLOGYA</b>	ND BIOTECHNIQUES
Unit – I	
I. Molecular Biology :	
1. Replication of DNA	(2)
2. DNA damage and repair mechanism	(1)
3. Regulation of gene expression – Operon concept.	(3)
4. Genetic code	(3)
a) Properties of genetic code.	
b) Codon assignments	
5. Protein synthesis	(7)
a) Transcription -	
i) Process of transcription in prokaryotes and eukaryotes.	
ii) RNA polymerase types and role.	
b) Translation	
i) Initiation	
ii) Elongation	
iii) Termination.	
Unit – II	
II. Biotechnology:	
1. Recombinant DNA technology	(8)
a) Restriction enzymes, DNA ligase, DNA polymerase.	
b) Cloning vectors.	
c) Polymerase chain reaction.	
d) DNA probes.	
e) Southern Blotting.	
f) DNA fingerprinting.	
2. Immunological techniques	(5)
a) Hybridoma and Monoclonal Antibody.	
b) ELISA.	
Unit – III	
3. Applications of biotechnology in -	(4)
Medicine, Animal Husbandry and Agriculture.	
III. Biotechniques :	
1. Separation Techniques.	(6)
a) Chromatography TLC.	
b) Electrophoresis – Gel Electrophoresis.	
2. Animal cell culture.	(6)
a) Requirement and Application	
b) Stem cells	
c) Tissue culture	
d) Embryo culture.	
, - ,	Total periods - (45)

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS –**

1. Cell and Molecular Biology, 8th Edition, De. Robertis EDP and De Robertis Jr. EMF, Lippincott Williams and Wilkins, Philadelphia.

2. Cell Biology, C.B. Powar, Himalaya Publication House.

3. Cell and Molecular Biology, EJ. Dupraw, Academic Press, NewYork.

4. Cell Structure and Function - A. G. Loewy, P. Siekevitz, J. R. Meninger & J. A. N.

Gallant, Saunder College, Philadelphia.

5. Molecular Biology of the Cell - 3rd Edition, Bruce Alberts, Dennis Bray, Julian

Lewis, Martin Raff, K. Roberts & James D. Watson, Garian Publishing, New York.

6. Elements of Biotechnology - P. K. Gupta, Rastogi Publications.

7. Gene V & VI, 1994, Lewin B., Oxford University Press, Oxford.8.Concept of Genes-Pearson Edition 9.Cell and Molecular Biology

#### PAPER – XII

#### ENDOCRINOLOGY, ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY AND TOXICOLOGY

#### Unit – I

I. Endocrinology:-       (1         1. Study of endocrine glands – Anatomy , Histology and       (1         Hormones (Nature, role, regulation and disorders) with reference       (1         to the following :- Thyroid gland, parathyroid, Adrenal gland       (1         and islets of Langerhans.       (1	4)
Unit – II	
2. Hormone receptors and Mechanism of hormonal actions	(2)
3. Prostaglandins.	(2)
II. Environmental Biology:-	
4. Biodiversity :-	(6)
a. Definition and Scope	
b. Protection	
c. Conservation strategies	
d. Utilization	
5. National parks and Wild life Sanctuaries of India.	(6)
a. National parks :- Kaziranga , Sanjay Gandhi and Tadoba National Park b. Sanctuaries :- Bharatpur , Sanctuary and Radhanagari Wildlife Sanct	tuary
Unit – III	
6. Characteristics and faunal adaptations with references to	
following habitat – Freshwater, Marine water and Terrestrial	(7)
III. Toxicology :	(8)
7. Classification of toxicants.	
8. Toxic agents and mode of action – Pesticides, Metals (Hg, Pb, Cd)	
Total perio	ods (45)

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS-**

- 1. Ecology Odum (Amerind)
- 2. Limnology Welch (McGraw Hill)
- 3. Introduction to Environmental Science- Y Anjaneyulu (B.S. Publications)
- 4. Animal Physiology Adaptaion & Environmental- Schiemdt Nielson (Cambridge)
- 5. Physiology : A regulatory systems approach Strand F. L.
- (Mc Millon Publications Co.).
- 6. Environmental & Metabolic Animal Physiology Prosser C.L. (Wiley Liss Inc.).
- 7. Environment Physiology Wilment P.G., Stone & Johnsion (Blackwell Science,).
- 8. Physiological Animal Ecology Loan G. N. (Longman Harlog, UK)
- 9. Principles and methods of Toxicology Hayes (Edited A. Wallae Hayes

Publications, Raven Press, N. Y.)

10. Medicine and Toxicology – Parekh

#### **SEMESTER:VI**

#### **PAPER-XIII**

# COMPARATIVE ANATOMY OF VERTABRATES

Unit – I	
I. Integument and its derivatives.	(7)
II. Endoskeleton – Vertebral column and appendicular skeleton	(7)
Unit-II	
III. <b>Digestive system</b> – Alimentary canal and associated glands.	(5)
IV. Respiratory system - Cutaneous respiration,	(5)
Gills, Lungs, Air sacs in birds	
V. Circulatory system - Evolution of heart, aortic arches and portal systems	(7)
Unit-III	
VI. Excretory system - Evolution of kidney and its ducts.	(6)
VII. Nervous system - Comparative anatomy of vertebrate brain.	(8)
Total periods.	(45)
-	

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS-**

- 1. Outlines of comparative anatomy, Romer & Parsons, Central Book Depot, The Vertebrate Body (Saunders).
- 2. Biology of Vertebrates Walter & Sayles; (McMillan).
- 3. Chordate Zoology, P.S. Dhami & J. K. Dhami R. Chand & Co., New Delhi.
- 4. Modern Textbook of Zoology, R. L. Kotpal, Rastogi Publications, Meerut.
- 5. The Life of Vertebrates, 3rd Edition, 1993, J. Z. Young E. L. B.S. Oxford.
- 6. Chordate Zoology E.L. Jordan, S. Chand & Co., New Delhi.
- 7 The Phylum Chordata 1987, H.H. Newman, Distributor Satish Book Enterprise, Agra.
- 8. Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates G. C. Kent.

#### **PAPER-XIV**

#### **DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY**

Unit – I		
I. G	ametogenesis.	(2)
II. P	rocess of fertilization.	(2)
III. S	tructure and Types of eggs and cleavages.	(4)
IV. A	scidians tadpole and retrogressive metamorphosis.	(2)
V. E	Development of Amphioxus up to coelom formation	(7)
Unit – I	I	
VI.	Development of chick up to 72 hours.	(15)
Unit – I	II	
VII. (	Drganizer - Concept and process of induction.	(3)
VIII. S	Study of fetal membranes	(3)
IX.	Placenta- types and significance.	(3)
X. (	Cloning - techniques, significance and ethical issues.	(4)

#### Total periods. (45)

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS -.+**

1. An Introduction to Embryology 1981, Balinsky B.L., Saunders College, Philadelphia.

- 2. Developmental Biology; Patterns/Principles/Problems, 1982, Saunders J. W.
- Collier MacMillan, Publishers, London.
- 3. Developmental Biology, 1997, 3rd Edition, Gilbert S.F. Saunder Associates Inc. U.S.A.
- 4. Developmental Biology, 1992 3rd edition, Browder L.W. Erickson C.A. & Williams, R J. Saunders College, Publications, London.
- 5. A Text Book of Embryology, Dr. Puranik P. G., S. Chand & Co.
- 6. Developmental Biology, 1984, Browder L.W., Saunders College Publicaions, U.S.A.
- 7. Development of Chick embryo, 1972, Lillie.
- 8. Developmental Biology, 1991, 3rd Edition, Sinaur Associates, Inc. U.S.A.

#### PAPER – XV

#### PHYSIOLOGY

Unit – I

I. Nutrition -	a). Nutritional requirement & balanced diet.	
	b). Digestion and absorption.	(6)
II. Metabolism-	a). Carbohydrate metabolism:- Glycogenesis, Glycogenolysis,	
	Glycolysis, Kreb's cycle and Gluconeogenesis.	
	b). Protein metabolism: - Transamination, Deamination.	
	c). Lipid metabolism. ( $\beta$ - oxidation hypothesis)	(8)

10

#### Unit-II

III. Vitamins – S	<ul><li>Study of following vittamins wth reference to sources, role and de effects</li><li>a).Water soluble : -B - Complex and C.</li></ul>	eficiency
	b). Fat soluble : -A,D, E and K. With reference to source, role and deficiency.	(4)
IV. Respiration	<ul> <li>a). Iransport of respiratory gases and mechanism of gaseous explanation</li> <li>b) Chemical and nervous regulation of respiration</li> </ul>	(A)
V. Circulation -	<ul><li>a). Origin and conduction of heart beat. Cardiac cycle.</li><li>b). ECG, Blood pressure. – Arterial, Venous and Capillary</li></ul>	(ד)
	Measurement and physiological var	iations
Unit – III		(7)
VI. Excretion -	<ul><li>a. Structure of nephron &amp; Physiology of urine formation.</li><li>b. Composition of normal and urine</li><li>c. Dialysis</li></ul>	(4)
VII. Muscle -	<ul><li>a. Ultra structure of striated muscle</li><li>b. Molecular mechanism of muscle contraction.</li></ul>	(5)
VIII. Nerve -	<ul><li>a. Ultra structure of neuron</li><li>b. Origin and conduction of nerve impulse.</li></ul>	
	c. Synapse and synaptic transmission.	(7)

#### Total periods. (45)

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS –**

- 1. General and Comparative Physiology Hoar (Prentice Hall).
- 2. Animal Physiology- Nelson (Cambridge).
- 3. Comparative Animal Physiology Prosser (Satish Book Enterprise).
- 4. Endocrinology- Hadely
- 5. General Endocrinology- Bagnara and Turner (W.B. Saunders)
- 6. Reproductive Cycle Saidapur S. K. (Allied Publishers)
- 7. Reproductive Physiology Nalbandov A. V.

#### **PAPER-XVI**

#### **APPLIED ZOOLOGY**

#### Unit – I

#### I. Fisheries :

(10)

- a) Economic importance of Fin fishes.
- b) Economic importance of Lobster, Crab, Prawn, Mussel & Sepia.
- c) Pearl Culture.
- d) Fishing Crafts and Gears.
- e) Fish farming –Construction and Maintenance.
- f) Maintenance of Aquarium and Aquarium fishes.

## **II. Economic Entomology:**

i) Apiculture $-a$ ) Types and castes of honey bees.	(4	)
b) Honey comb.		
c) Bee keeping.		
d) Economic importance.		
Unit-II		
ii) freshwater prawn culture-		
a) Classification	( 4	4)
b) External morphology.		
c) Life cycle.		
Culture- Seed collection ,Culture practices, Fe production , Harvesting and Marketing	eding, Fertilization	,
d) Importance.		
iii) Pest and its Management:-	(	(10)
<ul> <li>a) Crop pests: - Woolly aphid, white fly, Jassids a</li> <li>b) House hold pests:- Cockroach, Silverfish, Mos</li> <li>c) Store grain pest:- Rice moth, Rice weevil and I</li> <li>d) Biological control.</li> </ul>	and Grasshopper. Equito. Flour beetle.	
iv) Dairy Farming	(3)	
a) Management of dairy farm.		
b) Constituents	of	milk.
	c) Properties o	of milk.
d) Milk products and By-products.	·/ · · · · ·	
v) Poultry Farming		(6)
a)	Intro	duction
b) Breeds – Indigenous – 1) Girirai 2) Ka	danath	Judenon
Evotic - 1) Rhode isla	nd red 2\\//hite	leaborn
a) Housing		legnom
d) Fooding	man	agamant
a) Economic Importance	IIIaII	agement
e) Economic Importance.		(A)
vi) vermiculture		(4)
a) Species of earthworlds b) Vermiculturetechniques		
c) Applications		
vii) Coat Farming		(A)
a) Preade Indigenous (1) Ocmenshedi	2) Iampanuri	(4)
a) Diccus - Inuigenous 1) Osmanabaui	2) Januapun 2) Sanon	
EXOLUC 1) DOAL	2) Sallell	
a) Housing		
d) Economic importance		
d) Economic importance.	Total namiada	(15)
	i otai perious	(43)

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS-**

Mollusca - Hyman.
 Prawn and Prawn Fishery of India - Kurian.

- 10. Fish Culture K. H. Alikuhni.
- 11. Fish Culture Lagter.
- 12. Fishes of India. Khanna.
- 13. Hand Book of Animal Husbandary and Dairy Mudlyer.
- 14. Bee keeping in India Sardar Sing.
- 15. Bee Keeping in India- M. G. Smith.
- 16. Poultry keeping in India Naidu P.N.M.
- 17. Poultry Husbandary M. A. Jule.
- 18. Poultry Husbandary Moarthy.
- 19. Outlines of Dairy Technology Sukumar De.
- Milk and milk products Clarence Henry Eckles, Willes Barnes Combs, Harold Macy

#### **PRACTICAL - V**

# Unit – I Dissection and Mountings (Demonstration ) Squilla

- 1. Digestive system.
- 2. Nervous system.
- 3. Mountings: Appendages

#### Unit - II

#### II. Dissection and Mountings – (Demonstration )

#### SEA STAR: -

- 1. Digestive system.
- 2. Water vascular system.
- 3. Mounting Tube foot

#### III. - Identification of Animals with the help of Key (Two Example from each)

- a) Colleptera (Beetles)
- b) Hemiptera (Bugs)
- c) Odonata (Dragonfly and Damsel fly)
- d) Lepidoptera (Moths and Butterfly)
- IV. Study of Life cycle of
  - a )Mosquito
  - b) Housefly / Butterfly
- Unit III
- V. Study of Protozoans for locomotion Euglena. Amoeba, Paramoecium,
- VI. Study of permanent slides of -
  - Sponge spicules, Spongin fibres and Zooids of Porpita
- VII. Study of Canal systems -
- VIII. Study of -Obelia, Physalia and any four corals.

#### IX. Study of following -

- a. Crustacean larvae-Nauplius, Zoea, and Phyllosoma.
- b. Insect larvae. Wriggler Maggot and Caterpillar

20.

- c. Insect pests- any five from surrounding.
- d. Echinoderm larvae. Bipinnaria, Echinopluteus, Ophiopluteus
- e. Tornaria larva.
- f. Bugula, Sagitta.

#### Unit - IV

X. Examples on Biostatistics, (Any Ten Examples)

**XI.** Study of Rectal parasites in Rat / Cockroach.

XII. Study of Pathogens and Vectors.

Entamoeba, Plasmodium, Ascaris, Wuchereria, Mosquito, Pediculus.

**XIII**. Preparation of whole mounts and mouth parts of –Female anopheles, Female culex and Female aedes (Demonstration)

**XIV.** Examples based on bioinformatics, amino acids and nucleotide sequence.

XV. Study Tour/Excursion -

Visit to seashore/Water reservoir/Bird sanctuary/Animal sanctuary to

study Animal Biodiversity. Report of tour should be submitted at the time of practical examination

#### **PARCTICAL - VI**

#### Unit – I

- A] Identification of Avifauna and Ichthyofauna from suitable place {Five Examples from each}
- B] Study of Laboratory instruments with respect to Principles and applications
- a) Calorimeter b] Gel electrophoresis c] Spectrophotometer d] Centrifuge e] Microtome f] Digital pH meter

#### Unit – II Demonstration

- IV. Dissection of eye muscles and nerve innervations of fowl
- V. Temporary preparations of-[ Demonstration]
  - a] Scales of fishes -Placoid, cycloid and ctenoid.
  - b] Columela of fowl.
  - c] Ear ossicles of rat.

#### Unit – III

- VI. Study of eggs Amphioxus, frog and chick.
- VII. Study of cleavage, blastula and gastrula Amphioxus and frog.
- VIII. Study of Ascidian tadpole and stages of metamorphosis in frog
- IX. Study of whole mounts and T.S. of 13, 18, 24, 33, 48 and 72 hrs chick embryos
- X. Permanent preparation of chick embryo.

#### Unit – IV

- XI. Study of following. ...
  - a) V.S. of skin of vertebrates.
  - b) Scales of reptiles.
  - c) Feathers.
  - d)Digestive system Scoliodon, Labeo, frog, Calotes, pigeon and rat.
  - e) Respiratory organs of vertebrates Gills of fishes and amphibian, reptilian, avian and mammalian lungs.
  - f) Hearts of vertebrates.
  - g) Brains of vertebrates.
  - h) Types of vertebrae based on centrum.
  - i) Pectoral and pelvic girdles of vertebrates.

#### **PRACTICAL - VII**

#### Unit – I

- I. Interpretation of ECG (any four)
- II. Erythrocytes Sedimentation Rate
- III. Estimation of O2 consumption in Fish/ Crab by Winkler's method
- IV. To determine the packed cell volume of whole blood by centrifugation method.

#### Unit – II

- IV. Estimation of hemoglobin.
- V. Total count of R.B.C., W.B.C. and differential count.
- VI. Measurement of blood pressure and heart beat under normal and stress condition.
- VII. Study of Peak Expiratory Flow Rate. (PEFR)
- VIII. Endocrine glands (Anatomy and Histology) Testis, Ovary, Adrenal, Thyroid, Pancreas.

#### Unit – III

- IX. Estimation of CO2, O2, BOD and COD of water.
- X. Testing of hardness of water.
- XI. Study of animals in relation to their habitats.
- a. Lotic Any cat fish
- b. Lentic Any carp
- c. Pelagic Puffer fish.
- d. Benthic Lobster.
- e. Grass land Stick insect.
- f. Desert Phrynosoma.

#### Unit – IV

XII. Qualitative analysis of phytoplanktons and zooplanktons- any suitable ecosystem

XIII. Any suitable project to be selected by student (Two to four students per

project) under the guidance of teacher and report is to be submitted at the time of practical examination.

#### **PRACTICAL - VIII**

#### Unit – I

I. **Permanent preparation** - (whole mounts of -Protozoans, , Coelenterate colony, zoo-planktons, insect larvae, echinoderm larvae, crustacean larvae, fish scales, feathers-filoplume and down) II. **Microtomy** - Preparation of permanent histological slides of organs of Rat ( white or black) by

HE technique.

Unit – II

#### III. Histochemical techniques:

a. AB Techniques,

b. PAS Technique

(Submission of 10 permanent slides - 5 H.E + 2 Histochemical methods + 1

Chick embryo + 2 whole mount, at the time of practical examination)

#### IV. Biotechniques:

a. Chromatography - Separation of serum proteins amino acids by paper chromatography.

b. DNA / RNA Isolation

Tissue culture / Embryo culture.

15

c.

#### V. Cytological preparations:

a. Demonstration of DNA by Feulgen technique.

b. Meiosis in Grasshopper testis or onion bud.

c. Study of polytene chromosomes to observe puffing, in Chironomous larvae / Drosophila larvae.

#### VI. Study of Microbes :

a. Preparation of media and cultivation

b. Staining the microbes with Gram's staining.

Unit – III

VII. Examples in Genetics: Trihybrid ratio and Interaction of genes,

- VIII. Economic importance of -Prawn, Lobster, Crab, Oyster, Mussel and Sepia.
- **IX. Economic importance of -**Shark, Pomphret, Oil Sardine, Mackerel, Bombay duck, Eel, Ophiocephalus, Catla, Rohu, Mrigal and Cyprinus.
- X. **Study of fish byproducts -** fish meal, fish glue, fish liver oil, fish body oil, fish manure and shagreen.

XI Study of- Fishing Crafts and Gears (Models).

Unit – IV

XII. Apiculture - Types and Castes of Bees, Honeycomb, Honey, Bee wax,

Pollen basket and sting apparatus of honey bees.

XIII ;- Dairy Science

a) Important breeds of cattle - Photographs.b) By-products of milk - Caesin, Curd, Ghee

#### XIV :- Poultry Farming

a).Breeds of poultry birds Indigenous –1) Giriraj 2) Kadaknath

Exotic :- 1) Rhode island red 2) White leghorn

b) Egg and manure.

#### XV. Pest- Identification and control measures.

a. House hold pests-Cockroach, Silverfish.

- b. Crop pests- Woolly aphid, White fly, Jassids.
- c. Store grain pests- Rice moth, Rice weevil, Flour beetle.

#### XVI. Study Tour / Excursion.

Visit to fish farm / Apiculture centre /Goat farm / Emu farm / Poultry farm/ Vermiculture is compulsory. A report of one of the visits is to be submitted at the time of practical examination.

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# Skeleton Paper for University practical Examination. Practical - V

<ul> <li>Q.I:Identify, Sketch ,label and describe (Any system from squilla /Se</li> <li>Q.2:Identification of animal with the help of key.</li> <li>Q.3:Identify and Describe life cycle</li> <li>Q.4:Identification</li> <li>Q.5: Biostatistics example</li> <li>Q.6: Excursion Report</li> <li>Q,7 Viva Voce (based on excursion)</li> <li>Q.8 Journal</li> </ul>	a star.	6 10 5 5	6 6 7 5	
Practical –VI	TOLAT	-	50	,
Identify, describe and comment upon its applications Q.2: Identification of animal with the help of key Q.3: Identify, Sketch ,Iabel and describe [From Unit II] Q.4: Identifyand compare any two hearts of vertebrates . Q.5: Identification Q.6 : Make a temporary / permenant preparation of chick embryo Q.7: Journal	7 10 5	6 6 10	Q.I:	
	Тс	otal -	- 50	
<ul> <li>Practical - VII:</li> <li>Q.I: Physiological experiment</li> <li>Q.2: Hemoglobin percentage / Blood Cell counts Measurement of lung capacity</li> <li>Q.3: Ecological experiment. (study of planktons)</li> <li>Q.4: Ecological experiment. (Estimation)</li> <li>Q.5: Identification</li> </ul>		10 6 4 7 5		
Q.6: Project Q,7.Viva-voce based on project work Q.8: Journal	Tota	8 5 5 <b>I- 50</b>		
Practical - VIII:				
<ul> <li>Q.I: Microtomy - Preparation of permanent histological slide</li> <li>Q.2: Histochemistry</li> <li>Q.3: Biotechnique / Cytological preparation/Gram's Staining Technique</li> <li>Q.4: Genetic example</li> </ul>		5 5 5	10	

Q.5: Identification	10
Q.6: Submission of permanent slides	5
Q.7: Excursion report	5
Q.8: Journal	5

Total – 50

#### B.Sc. III: Zoology Semester Pattern Equivalence to Old Syllabus Annual Pattern:

**1.Old Paper V -** Functional Anatomy of Non-chordates, Biostatistics Bioinformatics and Medical Zoology. New Papers: IX- Functional Anatomy of Non-chordates and X- Biostatistics Bioinformatics and Medical Zoology. 2.Old Paper VI- Comparative Anatomy of Chordates & Developmental Biology. New papers: XIII Comparative Anatomy of Chordates and -**XIV-Developmental Biology** 3.Old Paper VII - Physiology, Endocrinology, Environmental Biology and Toxicology.

**New Papers: XI – XV** -Molecular Biology, Biotechnology, Biotechniques and **XII**-Endocrinology, Environmental Biology and Toxicology

**4.Old Paper VIII** - Molecular Biology, Biotechnology, Biotechniques and Applied Zoology.

New Papers: XV – XI Physiology

**XVI**- Applied Zoology.